

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 1 110 867 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
27.06.2001 Bulletin 2001/26

(51) Int Cl.⁷: **B65B 41/18**, **B65B 61/18**,
B31B 1/74

(21) Application number: **00127708.6**

(22) Date of filing: **18.12.2000**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU
MC NL PT SE TR
Designated Extension States:
AL LT LV MK RO SI

(72) Inventor: **Gustafsson, Per**
23734 Bjärred (SE)

(74) Representative: **Franzolin, Luigi et al**
STUDIO TORTA S.r.l.,
Via Viotti, 9
10121 Torino (IT)

(30) Priority: **22.12.1999 SE 9904728**

(71) Applicant: **Tetra Laval Holdings & Finance S.A.**
1009 Pully (CH)

(54) **Multi-stage unit for processing a web packaging material in a food product packaging machine**

(57) A multi-stage unit (1) for processing a web packaging material (2) in a machine for packaging food products, including a first processing station (3), a second processing station (5) and a system (7) for indexing the web packaging material (2) comprising a first feeding device (8, 9, 10) for step-feeding the web packaging material (2) through the first processing station (3), a second feeding device (16, 17, 18) for step-feeding the

web packaging material (2) through the second processing station (5), and a control unit (14) controlling the first feeding device (8, 9, 10) in response to a sensor (15) detecting a first index code (C) pre-printed on the web packaging material (2), and the second feeding device (16, 17, 18) in response to a second sensor (20) detecting a second index code (4) made on the web packaging material (2) at said first processing station (3).

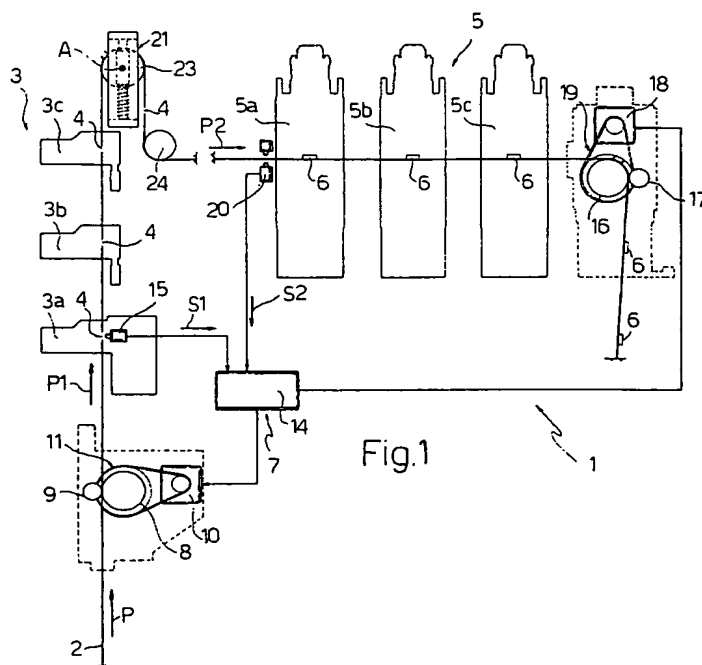


Fig.1

Description

[0001] The present invention relates to a multi-stage unit for processing web packaging material in a food product packaging machine.

[0002] Many pourable food products, such as fruit juice, pasteurized or UHT (ultra-high-temperature processed) milk, wine, tomato sauce, etc., are sold in packages made of sterilized packaging material.

[0003] A typical example of such a package is the parallelepipedal package for liquid or pourable food products known as Tetra Brik Aseptic (registered trademark), which is formed by folding and sealing laminated web packaging material. The laminated packaging material comprises layers of fibrous material, e.g. paper, covered on both sides with thermoplastic material, e.g. polyethylene. In the case of aseptic packages, the side of the packaging material eventually contacting the food product in the package also has a layer of barrier material, such as an aluminium sheet, which in turn is covered with a layer of thermoplastic material.

[0004] As is known, such packages are produced on fully automatic packaging machines, in which a continuous tube is formed from the web packaging material.

[0005] More particularly, the web of packaging material is sterilized, and then fed to a forming unit where it is longitudinally folded and sealed to form a tube. The tube is then filled with the sterilized or sterile-processed food product, and is sealed by pairs of jaws and then cut at equally spaced transverse bands to form pillow packs, which are subsequently folded mechanically to form the finished, e.g. parallelepipedal, packages.

[0006] Upstream from the forming unit, the web material may be fed through a multi-stage processing unit where subsequent auxiliary operations are performed. For example, in case packages are to be made which are provided with opening devices, such as screw caps, hinge caps or pull-tabs, the aforesaid auxiliary operations may include a punching operation for providing holes at selected positions of the web, and the application of the opening devices onto the holes. Opening devices may be applied by injection-moulding the opening device directly onto the holes, e.g. as described in WO 98/18609; as an alternative, opening devices may be bonded or thermo-welded to the web packaging material.

[0007] In known machines, the web material is stepped through the multi-stage processing unit by an indexing system including feeding rollers driven by a servomotor which is controlled in response to a position signal generated by an optical sensor detecting a position index on the web, usually a printed pattern such as a bar code repeated along the web at a predetermined pitch.

[0008] Particularly in the case of a multi-stage processing unit including a punch station and a moulding station for directly moulding opening devices, extreme position accuracy of the web material in the moulding station is required in order to provide a proper

positioning of the web portion surrounding the punched hole inside the moulding cavity for moulding the opening device, and therefore assure correct flow of the injected thermoplastics material into the moulding cavity so as to properly seal the edge of the hole on both sides of the web.

[0009] Therefore, a need for further improvement of indexing accuracy exists in the field.

[0010] It is an object of the present invention to provide a system for indexing web packaging material in a multi-stage processing unit of a packaging machine which allows excellent position accuracy in every stage of the unit.

[0011] This object is attained by a multi-stage unit for processing a web packaging material in a machine for packaging food products, the unit including at least a first processing station where a first processing operation is performed on the web packaging material, a second processing station where a second processing operation is performed on said web packaging material, and a system for indexing said web packaging material comprising web feeding means for step-feeding said web packaging material through said multi-stage processing unit, sensor means for reading index code means on said web packaging material and a control unit for controlling said web feeding means in response to input signals received from said sensor means, characterised in that said web feeding means includes a first feeding device for step-feeding said web packaging material through said first processing station and a second feeding device for step-feeding said web packaging material through said second processing station, said sensor means including a first sensor detecting a first index code on said web packaging material and generating a first input signal, said first sensor being located in the vicinity of said first processing station, and a second sensor detecting a second index code made on said web packaging material at said first processing station and generating a second input signal, said second sensor being located in the vicinity of said second processing station, said first feeding device and said second feeding device being independently controlled by said control unit in response to said first input signal and second input signal, respectively.

[0012] A preferred embodiment of the present invention is described hereunder, by way of non-limitative example and with reference to the attached drawing, in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic side elevational view of a multi-stage processing unit provided with an indexing system according to the present invention; and Figure 2 is a perspective, enlarged-scale view of a detail of Figure 1.

[0013] Numeral 1 indicates, as a whole, a multi-stage processing unit forming part of a packaging machine (not shown) in which a continuous tube is formed from

a web 2 of packaging material. Web 2 is fed through unit 1 along a path P and is provided with a repeated printed pattern or design conveniently including a bar code C (fig. 2).

[0014] Unit 1 includes a punch station 3 conveniently comprising a plurality of punch tools 3a, 3b, 3c spaced from each other along a first, vertical portion P1 of path P. In punch station 3, the packaging material web 2 is punched so as to produce equally spaced apertures or holes 4 (fig. 2), e.g. circular in shape, at a pitch corresponding to the length of packaging material which is used to produce a package.

[0015] Unit 1 further includes a moulding station 5, including in turn a number of mould tools 5a, 5b, 5c equal to the number of punch tools 3a, 3b, 3c; in moulding station 5, located downstream of punch station 3 along a horizontal section P2 of path P, plastics material opening devices 6 are injection-moulded onto web 2 at holes 4 thereof. A plurality of, e.g. three, injection tools 5a, 5b, 5c are used, "in parallel" with one another, so as to allow web 2 to stop at moulding station 5 for a sufficiently long time to perform injection and obtain solidification of the plastics material, and still attain a high production rate.

[0016] Numeral 7 indicates as a whole an indexing system for step-feeding web 2 along unit 1.

[0017] The indexing system 7 includes a pair of infeed rollers 8,9 which cooperate with opposite sides of web 2 and are driven by a first servomotor 10. More particularly, servomotor 10 drives roller 8 by means of a first synchronous transmission 11, e.g. a toothed belt transmission; roller 9 is drivingly coupled, e.g. by gears, to roller 8. Infeed rollers 8, 9 are located upstream from punch stations 3 along web path P.

[0018] Servomotor 10 is controlled, so as to index web 2, by a control unit 14 which receives a first input signal S1 from an optical reader 15 located in the vicinity of the first punch station 3.

[0019] The indexing system 7 also includes a pair of outfeed rollers 16,17 located downstream of stations 3 along web path P. Outfeed rollers 16,17 cooperate with opposite sides of web 2 and are driven by a second servomotor 18; servomotor 18 drives roller 16 by means of a second synchronous transmission 19, e.g. a toothed belt transmission; roller 17 is drivingly coupled, e.g. by gears, to roller 16. Servomotor 18 is controlled by control unit 14 which receives a second input signal S2 from an optical sensor 20 located in the vicinity of moulding station 5, e.g. immediately upstream of the first moulding tool 5a; conveniently, sensor 20 detects the position of holes 4 made by punch stations 3, and servomotor 18 is stopped by control unit 14 according to the reading of sensor 20 so as to precisely locate holes 4 inside respective mould cavities of moulding stations 5.

[0020] Therefore, according to the present invention, web 2 is independently indexed both at a first station, such as punch station 3, in response to the position of a first indexing code of web, i.e. the pre-printed bar code C, and at a second station such as moulding station 5,

in response to the position of a second indexing code, e.g. holes 4, produced on web 2 at the first station.

[0021] As a result of independent indexing of web 2 at infeed rollers 8,9 and outfeed rollers 16,17, differences may exist between web infeed and outfeed; such differences are taken up by a tension device 21 interposed between punch station 3 and moulding station 5 along path P and schematically shown in figure 2.

[0022] Tension device 21 includes a fixed support frame 22 and a tension roller 23 contacted by web 2 with a winding angle of 180°, so as to cause an inversion of the web advance direction towards an idler roller 24 (Figure 1) from which section P2 of path 2 starts.

[0023] Tension roller 22 is rotatable about an axis A perpendicular to sections P1 and P2 of path P and defined by a shaft (not shown) rigidly connected to respective end slides 25 which are slidable along respective lateral guide bars 26 fixed to frame 22. Respective springs 27, coaxial with guide bars 26, push slides 25 in the infeed direction, so as to produce a predetermined, substantially constant tension of web 2.

[0024] Differences in web feed at infeed rollers 8, 9 and outfeed rollers 16, 17 due to independent indexing of web 2 are taken up by the "floating" movement of tension roller 23 of tension device 21 along guide bars 26.

[0025] The advantages of the present invention are clear from the foregoing description.

[0026] In particular, independent indexing at a first and at a second processing station of a multi-stage processing unit, wherein indexing at the second station is performed according to the result of the first processing operation, allows the web position to be controlled very accurately at each station, and the two processing operations to be performed with a high relative position accuracy; this is of particular importance when the processing operation performed in the second station is a direct injection-moulding of opening devices onto web holes, since precise positioning of the web holes in the mould cavities, and therefore optimum sealing and aseptic quality can be obtained.

[0027] Clearly, changes may be made to unit 1 as described herein without, however, departing from the scope of the present invention.

[0028] In particular, the processing operation performed in each station may be different; in particular, the second processing operation may consist of the application of a pull tab. Furthermore, tension device 21 may be different in structure; e.g., tension roller 23 may be supported by sprung hinged swing arms, as opposed to slides 25.

Claims

1. A multi-stage unit (1) for processing a web packaging material (2) in a machine for packaging food products, the unit (1) including at least a first processing station (3) where a first processing op-

eration is performed on the web packaging material (2), a second processing station (5) where a second processing operation is performed on said web packaging material (2), and a system (7) for indexing said web packaging material (2) comprising web feeding means (8, 9, 10; 16, 17, 18) for step-feeding said web packaging material (2) through said multi-stage processing unit (1), sensor means (15, 20) for reading index code means (C, 4) on said web packaging material (2) and a control unit (14) for controlling said web feeding means (8, 9, 10; 16, 17, 18) in response to input signals (S1, S2) received from said sensor means (15, 20), characterised in that said web feeding means (8, 9, 10; 16, 17, 18) includes a first feeding device (8, 9, 10) for step-feeding said web packaging material (2) through said first processing station (3) and a second feeding device (16, 17, 18) for step-feeding said web packaging material through said second processing station (5), said sensor means (15, 20) including a first sensor (15) detecting a first index code (C) on said web packaging material (2) and generating a first input signal (S1), said first sensor (15) being located in the vicinity of said first processing station (3), and a second sensor (20) detecting a second index code (4) made on said web packaging material (2) at said first processing station (3) and generating a second input signal (S2), said second sensor (20) being located in the vicinity of said second processing station (5), said first feeding device (8, 9, 10) and said second feeding device (16, 17, 18) being independently controlled by said control unit (14) in response to said first input signal (S1) and second input signal (S2), respectively.

2. A system as claimed in claim 1, characterised by comprising a web tensioning device (21) interposed between said first feeding device (8, 9, 10) and said second feeding device (16, 17, 18).

3. A system as claimed in claim 2, characterised in that said web tensioning device (21) includes a tension roller (23) co-operating with said web packaging material (2) and resilient support means (25, 26) for said tension roller (23) balancing the tension of said web packaging material (2) allowing said tension roller (23) to move in response to different feeds of said first feeding device (8, 9, 10) and said second feeding device (16, 17, 18).

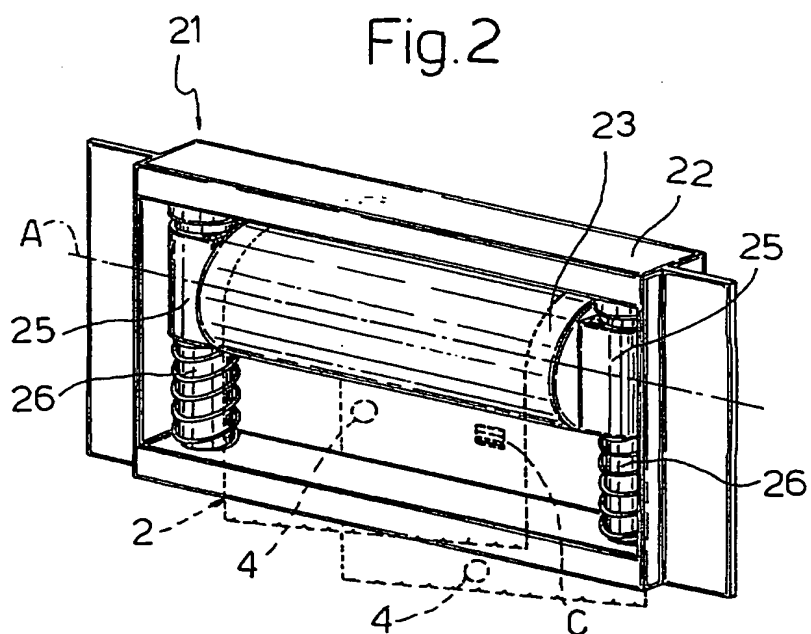
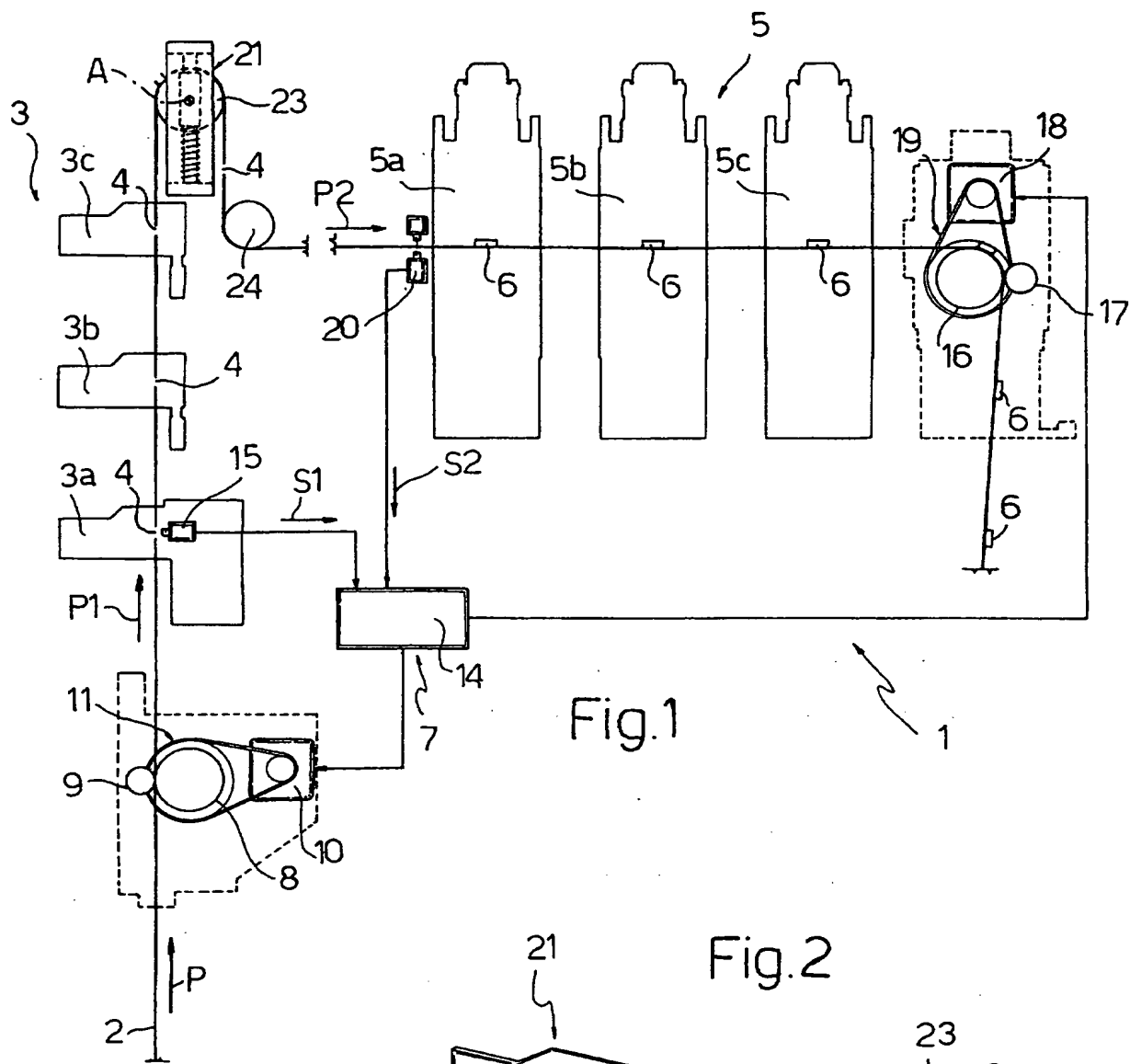
4. A system as claimed in claim 1 to 3, characterised in that said first index code is a pre-printed code (C) repeated along said web packaging material (2).

5. A system as claimed in claim 4, characterised in that said pre-printed code is a bar code (C).

6. A system as claimed in any of the foregoing claims,

characterised in that said first processing station (3) is a punch station for making holes (4) on said web packaging material (2).

7. A system as claimed in claim 6, characterised in that said second index code is defined by said holes (4).
8. A system as claimed in claim 6 or 7, characterised in that said second processing station is an injection-moulding station (5) for moulding opening devices (6) onto said holes (4).





European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 00 12 7708

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CI.7)
Y	WO 98 18608 A (TETRA LAVAL) 7 May 1998 (1998-05-07) * page 7, line 10 - page 9, line 7; figure 1 *	1,6-8	B65B41/18 B65B61/18 B31B1/74
Y	US 4 782 987 A (TETRA PAK) 8 November 1988 (1988-11-08) * column 3, line 10 - column 4, line 10; figure 1 *	1,6-8	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.CI.7)
			B65B B31B B65H
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 24 Apr11 2001	Examiner Grentzius, W
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 00 12 7708

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

24-04-2001

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9818608 A	07-05-1998	IT MI962272 A	30-04-1998
		AU 720593 B	08-06-2000
		AU 4407897 A	22-05-1998
		BR 9712608 A	26-10-1999
		EP 0949992 A	20-10-1999
		FI 990978 A	29-04-1999
		HU 9904349 A	28-05-2000
		NO 992117 A	30-04-1999
		PL 333205 A	22-11-1999
		TR 9900932 T	23-08-1999
US 4782987 A	08-11-1988	AT 70795 T	15-01-1992
		AU 585121 B	08-06-1989
		AU 6806687 A	30-07-1987
		BR 8700555 A	15-12-1987
		CA 1295639 A	11-02-1992
		CN 87101608 A, B	20-01-1988
		DE 3775421 A	06-02-1992
		EP 0230986 A	05-08-1987
		ES 2027233 T	01-06-1992
		JP 2532431 B	11-09-1996
		JP 62215456 A	22-09-1987
		KR 9205841 B	23-07-1992
		SE 8600365 A	29-07-1987